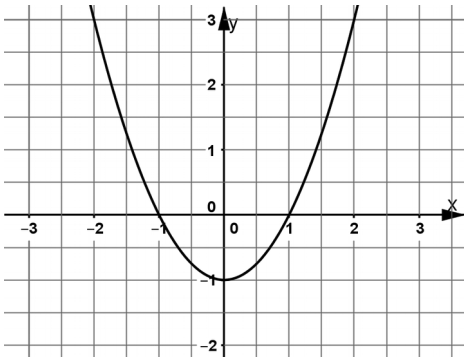
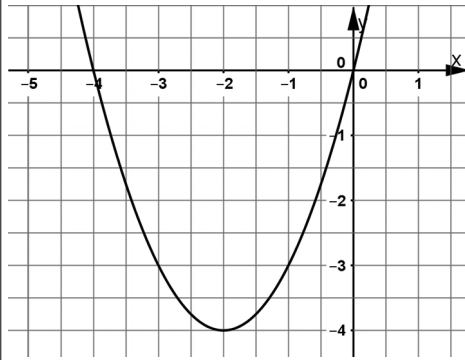


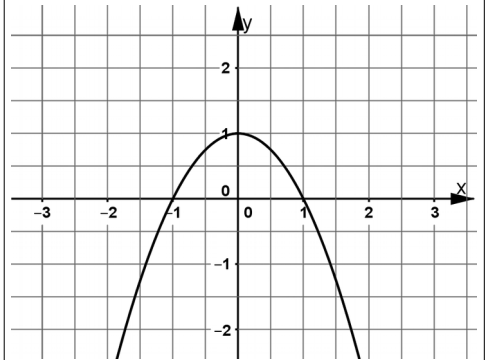
M_10_L_06 | Parabel 3 Darstellungen



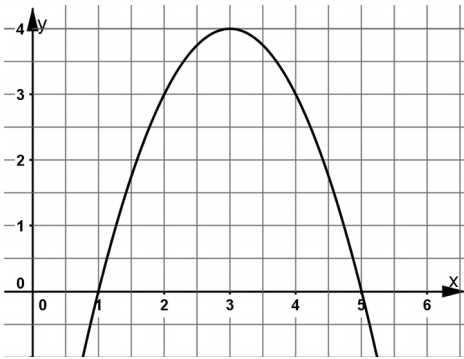
M_10_L_06 | Parabel 3 Darstellungen



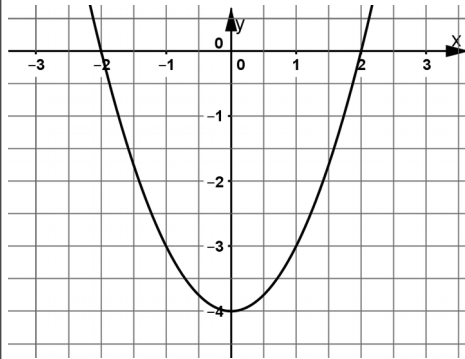
M_10_L_06 | Parabel 3 Darstellungen



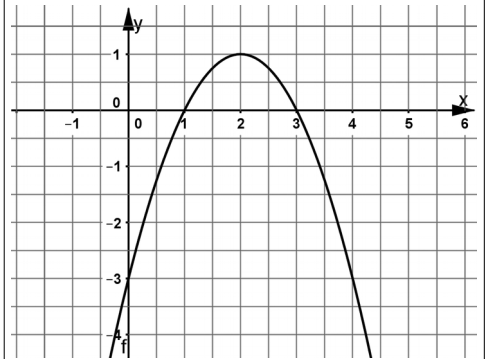
M_10_L_06 | Parabel 3 Darstellungen



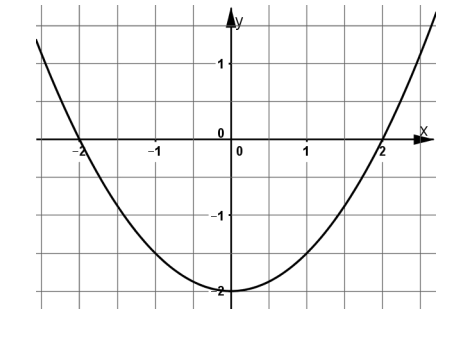
M_10_L_06 | Parabel 3 Darstellungen



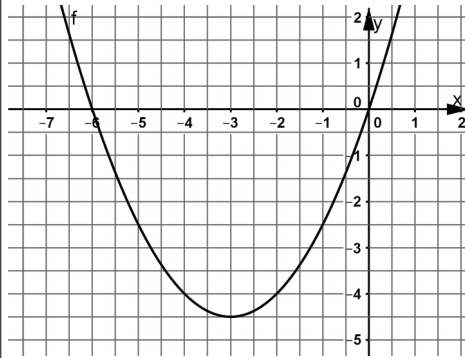
M_10_L_06 | Parabel 3 Darstellungen



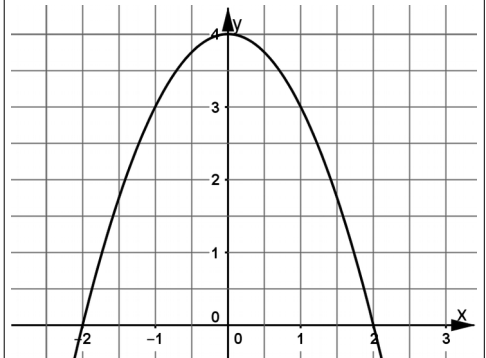
M_10_L_06 | Parabel 3 Darstellungen



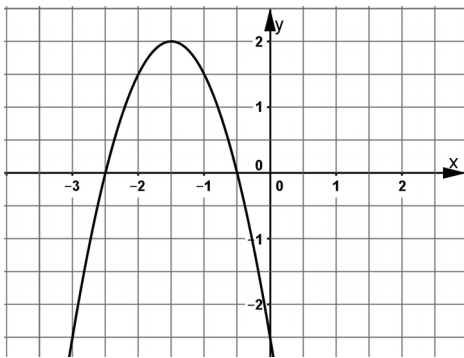
M_10_L_06 | Parabel 3 Darstellungen



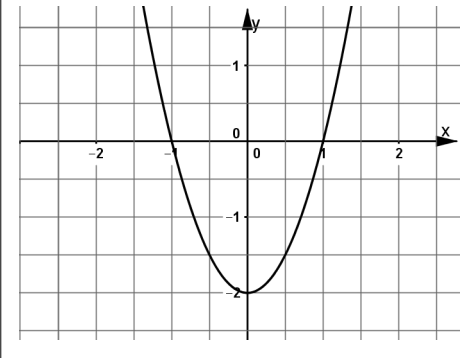
M_10_L_06 | Parabel 3 Darstellungen



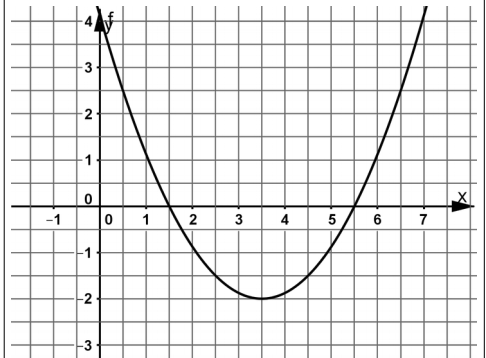
M_10_L_06 | Parabel 3 Darstellungen



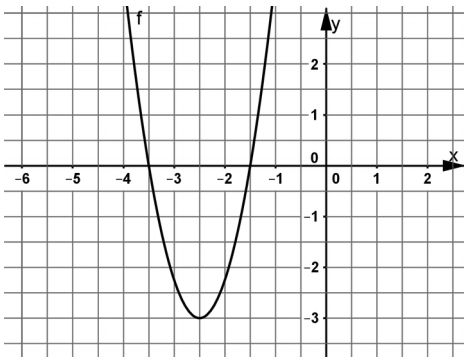
M_10_L_06 | Parabel 3 Darstellungen



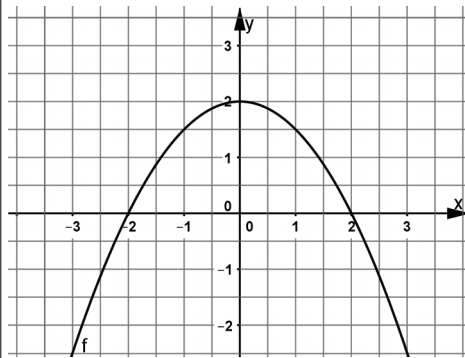
M_10_L_06 | Parabel 3 Darstellungen



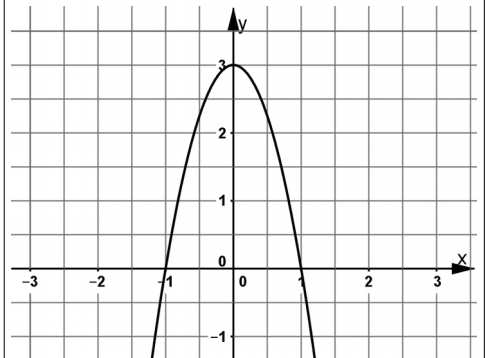
M_10_L_06 | Parabel 3 Darstellungen



M_10_L_06 | Parabel 3 Darstellungen



M_10_L_06 | Parabel 3 Darstellungen



Scheitelform:

$$f(x) = -x^2 + 1$$

Faktorierte Form:

$$f(x) = -(x-1)(x+1)$$

Normalform:

$$f(x) = -x^2 + 1$$

03

Scheitelform:

$$f(x) = (x+2)^2 - 4$$

Faktorierte Form:

$$f(x) = x(x+4)$$

Normalform:

$$f(x) = x^2 + 4x$$

02

Scheitelform:

$$f(x) = x^2 - 1$$

Faktorierte Form:

$$f(x) = (x+1)(x-1)$$

Normalform:

$$f(x) = x^2 - 1$$

01

Scheitelform:

$$f(x) = -(x-2)^2 + 1$$

Faktorierte Form:

$$f(x) = -(x-1)(x-3)$$

Normalform:

$$f(x) = -x^2 + 4x - 3$$

06

Scheitelform:

$$f(x) = x^2 - 4$$

Faktorierte Form:

$$f(x) = (x-2)(x+2)$$

Normalform:

$$f(x) = x^2 - 4$$

05

Scheitelform:

$$f(x) = -(x-3)^2 + 4$$

Faktorierte Form:

$$f(x) = -(x-1)(x-5)$$

Normalform:

$$f(x) = -x^2 + 6x - 5$$

04

Scheitelform:

$$f(x) = -x^2 + 4$$

Faktorierte Form:

$$f(x) = -(x-2)(x+2)$$

Normalform:

$$f(x) = -x^2 + 4$$

09

Scheitelform:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x+3)^2 - 4,5$$

Faktorierte Form:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x(x+6)$$

Normalform:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 3x$$

08

Scheitelform / Normalform:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2$$

Faktorierte Form:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x-2)(x+2)$$

07

Scheitelform:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x-3,5)^2 - 2$$

Faktorierte Form:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x-1,5)(x-5,5)$$

Normalform:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 3,5x + 4,125$$

12

Scheitelform:

$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 2$$

Faktorierte Form:

$$f(x) = 2(x-1)(x+1)$$

Normalform:

$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 2$$

11

Scheitelform:

$$f(x) = -2(x+1,5)^2 + 2$$

Faktorierte Form:

$$f(x) = -2(x+2,5)(x+0,5)$$

Normalform:

$$f(x) = -2x^2 - 6x - 2,5$$

10

Scheitelform:

$$f(x) = -3x^2 + 3$$

Faktorierte Form:

$$f(x) = -3(x-1)(x+1)$$

Normalform:

$$f(x) = -3x^2 + 3$$

15

Scheitelform / Normalform:

$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2$$

Faktorierte Form:

$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}(x-2)(x+2)$$

14

Scheitelform:

$$f(x) = 3(x+2,5)^2 - 3$$

Faktorierte Form:

$$f(x) = 3(x+3,5)(x+1,5)$$

Normalform:

$$f(x) = 3x^2 + 15x + 15,75$$

13